# \*\*\*SAMPLE\*\*\*

# BLOODBORNE PATHOGENS EXPOSURE PREVENTION POLICY AND PROCEDURE

This sample plan is provided only as a guide to assist in complying with the OSHA Bloodborne Pathogens standard 29 CFR 1910.1030, as adopted by 803 KAR 2:320. It is not intended to supersede the requirements detailed in the standard. Employers should review the standard for particular requirements which are applicable to their situation. It should be noted that this model program does not include provisions for HIV/HBV laboratories and research facilities which are addressed in section (a) of the standard. Employers will need to add information relevant to their particular facility in order to develop an effective, comprehensive exposure control plan. Employers should note that the exposure control plan is expected to be reviewed at least on an annual basis and updated when necessary.

# **BLOODBORNE PATHOGENS EXPOSURE CONTROL PLAN**

Facility Name:

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Date of Preparation:
In accordance with the OSHA Bloodborne Pathogens standard, 29 CFR 1910.1030, as adopted by 803 KAR 2:320, the following exposure control plan has been developed:
1. EXPOSURE DETERMINATION
OSHA requires employers to perform an exposure determination concerning which employees may incur occupational exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials. The exposure determination is made without regard to the use of personal protective equipment (i.e. employees are considered to be exposed even if they wear personal protective equipment). This exposure determination is required to list all job classifications in which all employees may be expected to incur such occupational exposure, regardless of frequency. At this facility the following job classification(s) are in the category:
In addition, OSHA requires a listing of job classifications in which some employees may

have occupational exposure. Since not all the employees in these categories would be expected to incur exposure to blood or to other potentially infectious materials, tasks or procedures that would cause these employees to have occupational exposure are also required to be listed in order to clearly understand which employees in these categories are considered to have occupational exposure.

The job classifications and associated tasks for these categories are as follows:

(The employer could use a checklist as follows:)

	TASK/PROCEDURES
2. IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE	AND METHODOLOGY
	o include a schedule and method of implementatio andard. The following complies with this
COMPLIANCE METHODS	
blood or other potentially infectious m	d at this facility in order to prevent contact with aterials. All blood or other potentially infectious regardless of the perceived status of the source
to employees at this facility. Where o these controls, personal protective eq	Is will be utilized to eliminate or minimize exposure recupational exposure remains after institution of juipment shall also be utilized. At this facility the utilized: (list controls, such as sharps container,
The state of the s	and maintained on a regular schedule. The
schedule for reviewing the effectivened as daily, once/week, etc. as well as list	ess of the controls is as follows: (list schedule such st who has the responsibility to review the s, such as the supervisor for each department, etc
schedule for reviewing the effectivene as daily, once/week, etc. as well as lis effectiveness of the individual controls Handwashing facilities are also availa	st who has the responsibility to review the

After removal of personal protective gloves, employees shall wash hands and any other potentially contaminated skin area IMMEDIATELY or as soon as feasibly possible with soap and water.

If employees incur exposure to their skin or mucous membranes then those areas shall be washed or flushed with water as appropriate as soon as feasibly possible following contact.

#### **NEEDLES**

Contaminated needles and other contaminated sharps will not be bent, recapped, removed, sheared or purposely broken. OSHA allows an exception to this if the procedure would require that the contaminated needles be recapped or removed and alternative is feasible and the action is required by the medical procedure. If such act is required than the recapping or removal of the needle must be done by the use of a mechanical device or a one-handed technique. At this facility recapping or removal is only permitted for the following procedures: (List the procedures and also list the mechanical device to be used or alternately if a one-handed technique will be used).				
CONTAINERS FOR REUSABLE SHARPS				
Contaminated sharps that are reusable are to be placed immediately, or as soon as possible, after use into an appropriate container.				
At this facility the sharps containers are puncture resistant, labeled with a biohazard label, and are leak proof. (Employers should list here where sharps containers are located as well as who has responsibility for removing sharps from containers and how often the containers will be checked to remove the sharps).				

# **WORK AREA RESTRICTIONS**

In work areas where there is a reasonable likelihood of exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials, employees are not to eat, drink, apply cosmetics or lip balm, smoke, or handle contact lenses. Food and beverages are not to be kept in refrigerators, freezers, shelves, cabinets, or on counter tops or bench tops where blood or other potentially infectious materials are present.

Mouth pipetting/suctioning of blood or other potentially infectious materials is prohibited.

All procedures will be conducted in a manner which will minimize splashing, spraying, splattering, and generation of droplets of blood or other potentially infectious materials. Methods which will be employed at this facility to accomplish this goal are:

(List methods, such as covers on centrifuges, usage of dental dams if appropriate, etc).
SPECIMENS
Specimens of blood or other potentially infectious materials will be placed in a container which prevents leakage during the collection, handling, processing, storage, and transport of the specimens.
The container used for this purpose will be labeled or color coded in accordance with the requirements of the OSHA standard.
(Employers should note that the standard provides for an exemption for specimens from the labeling/color coding requirement of the standard provided that the facility utilizes universal precautions in the handling of all specimens and the containers are recognizable as containing specimens. This exemption applies only while the specimens remain in the facility). If the employer chooses to use this exemption then it should be stated below:
Any specimens which could puncture a primary container will be placed within a secondary container which is puncture resistant. (The employer should list here how this will be carried out, e.g. which specimens, if any, could puncture a primary container, which containers can be used as secondary containers and where the secondary containers are located at the facility).
If outside contamination of the primary container occurs, the primary container shall be placed within a secondary container which prevents leakage during the handling, processing, storage, transport, or shipping of the specimen.
CONTAMINATED EQUIPMENT
Equipment which has become contaminated with blood or other potentially infectious materials shall be examined prior to servicing or shipping and shall be decontaminated as necessary unless the decontamination of the equipment is not feasible. (Employers should list here any equipment which it is felt can not be decontaminated prior to servicing).

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

All personal protective equipment used at this facility will be provided without cost to employees. Personal protective equipment will be chosen based on the anticipated exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials. The protective equipment will be considered appropriate only if it does not permit blood or other potentially infectious materials to pass through or reach the employees' clothing, skin, eyes, mouth, or other mucous membranes under normal conditions of use and for the duration of time which the protective equipment will be used.

Protective clothing will be provided to employees in the following manner:

(List how the clothing will be provided to employees, e.g. who has responsibility for distribution, etc. and also list which procedures would require the protective clothing and the type of protection required, this could also be listed as an appendix to this program).

The employer could use a checklist as follows:

Personal Protective Equipment	Task
Gloves	
Lab Coats	
Face Shield	
Clinic Jacket	
Protective Eye Wear	
(with solid side shield)	
Surgical Gown	
Shoe Covers	
Utility Covers	
Examination Gloves	
Other PPE (List)	

All personal protective equipment will be cleaned, laundered, and disposed of by the employer at no cost to the employees. All repairs and replacements will be made by the employer at no cost to employees.

All garments which are penetrated by blood shall be removed immediately or as soon as
feasibly possible. All personal protective equipment will be removed prior to leaving the
work area. The following protocol has been developed to facilitate leaving the
equipment at the work area: (List where employees are expected to place the personal
protective equipment upon leaving the work area, and other protocols, etc.)

Gloves shall be worn where it is reasonably anticipated that employees will have hand contact with blood, other potentially infectious materials, non-intact skin, and mucous membranes.

Gloves will be available from (state location and/or person who will be responsible for distribution of gloves).
Gloves will be used for the following procedures:
Disposable gloves used at this facility are not to be washed or decontaminated for re- use and are to be replaced as soon as practical when they become contaminated or as soon as feasibly possible of they are torn, punctured, or when their ability to function as a barrier is compromised. Utility gloves may be decontaminated for re-use provided that the integrity of the glove is not compromised. Utility gloves will be discarded if they are cracked, peeling, torn, punctured, or exhibits other signs of deterioration or when their ability to function as a barrier is compromised.
Masks in combination with eye protection devices, such as goggles or glasses with solid state shield, or chin length face shields, are required to be worn whenever splashes, spray, splatter, or droplets of blood or other potentially infectious materials may be generated and eye, nose, or mouth contamination can reasonably be anticipated. Situations at this facility which would require such protection are as follows:
This OSHA standard also requires appropriate protective clothing to be used, such as lab coats, gowns, aprons, clinic jackets, or similar outer garments. The following situations require that such protective clothing be utilized:
This facility will be cleaned and decontaminated according to the following schedule:  (List area and schedule)
Decontamination will be accomplished by utilizing the following materials: (List the materials which will be utilized, such as bleach solutions or EPA registered germicides)
All contaminated work surfaces will be decontaminated after completion of procedures and immediately or as soon as feasibly possible after any spillage of blood or other potentially infectious materials, as well as at the end of the work shift if the surface may have become contaminated since the last cleaning. (Employers should add in any

they may be using to assist in keeping surfaces free of contamination).
All bins, pails, cans and similar receptacles shall be inspected and decontaminated on a regularly scheduled basis (list frequency and by whom).
Any broken glassware which may be contaminated will not be picked up directly with other hands. The following procedures will be used:
REGULATED WASTE DISPOSAL
All contaminated sharps shall be discarded as soon as feasibly possible in sharps containers which are located in the facility. Sharps containers are located in (specify locations of sharps containers).
Regulated waste other than sharps shall be placed in appropriated containers. Such containers are located in (specify locations of containers).
LAUNDRY PROCEDURES
Laundry contaminated with blood or other potentially infectious materials will be handled as little as possible. Such laundry will be placed in appropriately marked bags at the location where it was used. Such laundry will not be sorted or rinsed in the area of use.
All employees who handle contaminated laundry will utilize personal protective equipment to prevent contact with blood or other potentially infectious materials.
Laundry at this facility will be cleaned at:
(Employers should note here if the laundry is being sent off site. If the laundry is being sent off site, then the laundry service accepting the laundry is to be notified, in accordance with section (d) of the standard).

# **HEPATITIS B VACCINE**

All employees who have been identified as having exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials will be offered to Hepatitis B vaccine, at no cost to the employee. The vaccine will be offered within 10 working days of their initial assignment to work involving the potential for occupational exposure to blood or other potentially infectious

materials unless the employee has previously had the vaccine or who wish to submit to antibody testing which shows the employee to have sufficient immunity.

Employees who decline the Hepatitis B vaccine will sign a waiver which uses the working in Appendix A of the OSHA standard.

Employees who initially decline the vaccine but who later wish to he the vaccine provided at no cost. (Employers should list here who hassuring that the vaccine is offered, the waivers are signed, etc. A should list who will administer the vaccine).	nas responsibility for
POST-EXPOSURE EVALUATION AND FOLLOW-UP	
When the employee incurs an exposure incident, it should be reported responsibility to maintain records of exposure incidents):	orted to (list who has
All employees who incur an exposure incident will be offered post- and follow-up in accordance with the OSHA standard.	-exposure evaluation

This follow-up will include the following:

- Documentation of the route of exposure and the circumstances related to the incident.
- If possible, the identification of the source individual and if possible, the status of the source individual will be tested (after consent is obtained) for HIV/HBV infectivity.

employee with the exposed employer regulations concerning disclosure of	dual will be made available to the exposed e informed about the applicable laws and the identity and infectivity of the source nodify this provision in accordance with Modifications should be listed here:

- The employee will be offered the option of having their blood collected for testing of the employee HIV/HBV serological status. The blood sample will be preserved for up to 90 days to allow the employee to decide if the blood should be tested for HIV serological status. However, if the employee decides prior to that time that testing will or will not be conducted then the appropriate action can be taken and the blood sample discarded.
- The employee will be offered post exposure prophylaxis in accordance with the current recommendations of the U.S. Public Health Service. These recommendations are currently as follows: (These recommendations may be listed as an appendix to the plan)

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The foll	lowing per effectively	son(s) ha	s been d	esignated	l to assur			

# INTERACTION WITH HEALTH CARE PREFESSIONALS

A written opinion shall be obtained from the health care professional who evaluates employees of this facility. Written opinions will be obtained in the following instances:

- 1) When the employee is sent to obtain the Hepatitis B vaccine.
- 2) Whenever the employee is sent to a health care professional following an exposure incident.

Health care professionals shall be instructed to limit their opinions to:

- 1) Whether the Hepatitis B vaccine is indicated and if the employee has received the vaccine, or for evaluation following an incident.
- 2) That the employee has been informed of the results of the evaluation, and
- 3) That the employee has been told about any medical conditions resulting from exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials. (Note that the written opinion to the employer is not to reference any personal medical information).

#### **TRAINING**

Training for all employees will be conducted prior to initial assignment to tasks where occupational exposure may occur. Training will be conducted in the following manner:

Training for employees will include the following an explanation of:

- 1) The OSHA standard for Bloodborne Pathogens
- 2) Epidemiology and symptomatology of bloodborne diseases
- 3) Modes of transmission of bloodborne pathogens

- 4) This Exposure Control Plan, i.e. points of the plan, lines of responsibility, how the plan will be implemented, etc.)
- 5) Procedures which might cause exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials at this facility
- 6) Control methods which will be used at the facility to control exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials.
- 7) Personal protective equipment available at this facility and who should be contacted concerning
- 8) Post Exposure evaluation and follow-up
- 9) Signs and Labels used at the facility
- 10) Hepatitis B vaccine program at the facility

# RECORDKEEPING

All records required by the OSHA standard will be maintained by: (Insert name or department responsible for maintaining records)
DATES
All provisions required by the standard will be implemented by: (Insert date for implementation of the provisions of the standard)
(Employers should list here if training will be conducted using videotapes, written materials, etc. Also the employer should indicate who is responsible for conducting the training).
All employees will receive annual refresher training. (Note that this training is to be conducted within one year of the employee's previous training).
The outline for the training material is located (list where the training materials are located).